

Question 1 Let  ${}_t p = (1 - t/w)^\alpha$  where  $0 \leq t < w$  and  $\alpha > 0$ . Derive  $\mu_x(t)$  and  $\ddot{e}_x$  for positive  $x$  and  $t$ .

Question 2 Show that, for a positive RV  $T(x)$ ,  $x \geq 0$ , we have

$$\ddot{e}_x = \int_0^\infty {}_t p_x dt$$

Question 1 Sol

$${}_t p_x = \frac{{}_x + t p / x p}{(1 - \frac{x}{w})^\alpha} = \frac{(1 - \frac{x+t}{w})^\alpha}{(1 - \frac{x}{w})^\alpha} = \left(1 - \frac{t}{w-x}\right)^\alpha$$

$$\text{So } \mu_x(t) = \frac{d}{dt} (1 - \frac{t}{w-x})^\alpha = -\alpha (1 - \frac{t}{w-x})^{\alpha-1} \cdot \frac{1}{w-x}$$

$$= -\alpha \left(1 - \frac{t}{w-x}\right)^{\alpha-1} \frac{1}{w-x}$$

$$= \frac{\alpha}{w-x} \frac{1}{(w-x-t)} = \frac{\alpha}{w-x-t}, \quad t \in (0, w-x)$$

Also

$$\ddot{e}_x = \int_0^{w-x} \left(1 - \frac{t}{w-x}\right)^\alpha dt = \frac{1}{\alpha+1} \int_0^{w-x} d \left(1 - \frac{t}{w-x}\right)^{\alpha+1} (-1)(w-x)$$

$$= \frac{w-x}{\alpha+1} (-1) \left(1 - \frac{t}{w-x}\right) \Big|_0^{w-x} = \frac{w-x}{\alpha+1}$$

Question 2 Sol

$$\ddot{e}_x = \mathbb{E}[T(x)] = \mathbb{E}\left[\int_0^{T(x)} dt\right] = \mathbb{E}\left[\int_0^\infty \mathbb{I}\{t \leq T(x)\} dt\right]$$

$$= \int_0^\infty \mathbb{E}[\mathbb{I}\{T(x) \geq t\}] dt = \int_0^\infty {}_t p_x dt$$